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THE
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL
OF SHERINGHAM

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

AND OF THE

SANITARY INSPECTOR & SURVEYOR

FOR

THE YEAR 1955



THE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF SHERINGHAM

REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR

THE YEAR 1955

Mr. Chairman, Miss Huntley and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Annual Report of the Medical Officer of Health for the Year ending 31st. December, 1955.

The Post of Medical Officer of Health for Sheringham is combined with that for Cromer and Erpingham, and with the Post of Assistant County Medical Officer for Area No.2 of the County of Norfolk.

PRINCIPAL NOTES ON THE YEAR.

The estimated population at mid-year was 4,650 as compared with 4,660 in 1954.

The Birth Rate was 18.1 per 1,000 of the estimated population (England and Wales 15.0).

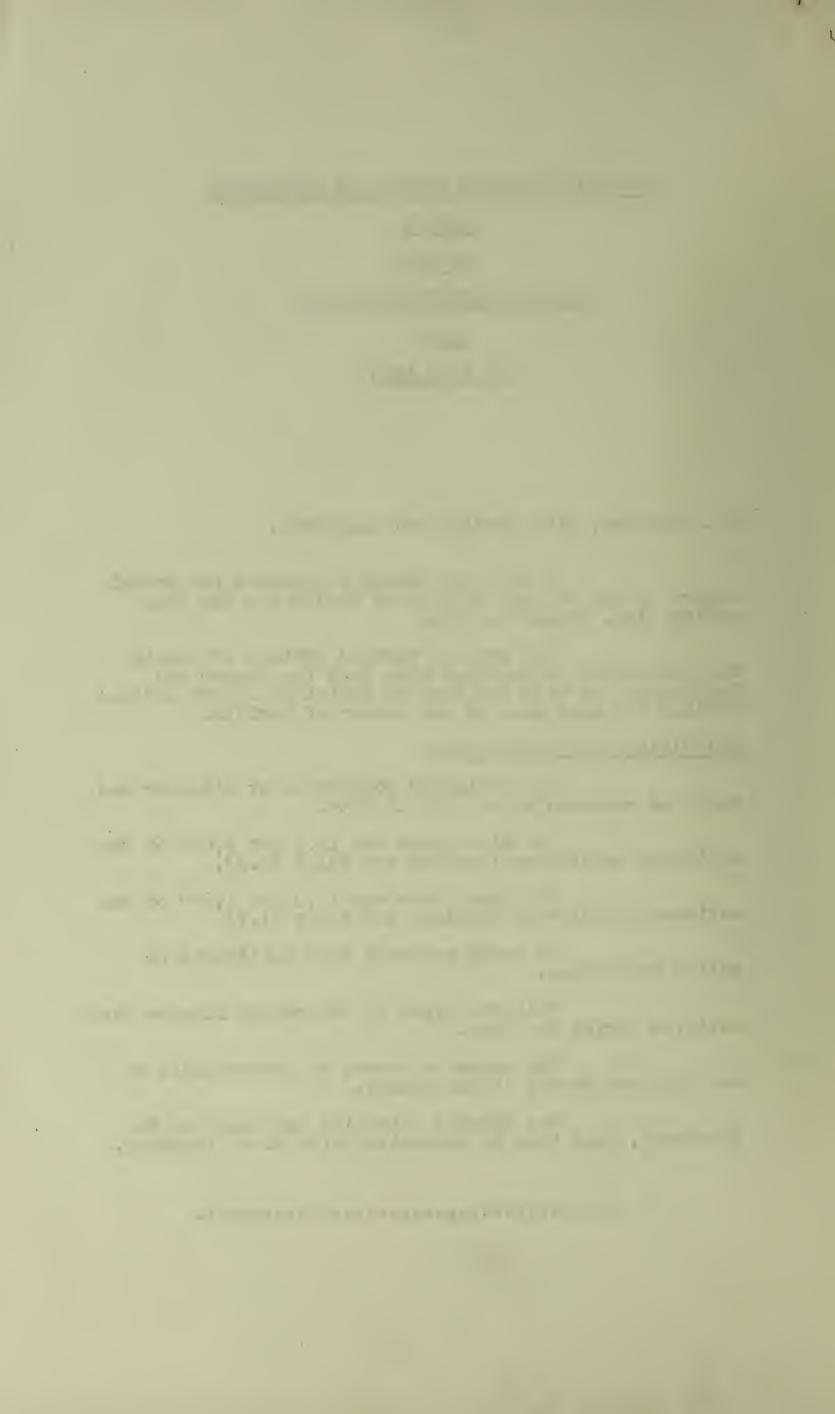
The Death Rate was 12.9 per 1,000 of the estimated population (England and Wales 11.7).

No death occurred from Childbirth or allied conditions.

Only two types of Infectious Disease were notified during the Year.

The number of cases of Tuberculosis on the Register showed little change.

The housing situation was again to the forefront, this time in connection with Slum Clearance.



Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area

Social Conditions. The Urban District of Sheringham is situated on the North Coast of Norfolk, facing North. It is bounded by the Sea on the North and by a low range of wooded hills which fall generally for a mile from the South. It adjoins the Erpingham Rural District on three sides, and has on its outskirts such picturesque places as the Roman Camp, Pretty Corner and the village of Upper Sheringham.

During the Summer months visitors in abundance resort to Sheringham for the bracing air, fine sands, golf links and scenery.

The Population is composed of (1) Fishermen, (2) those whose business it is to let rooms, and tradesmen, and (3) a constantly increasing class who resort to Sheringham for its natural beauties, its fine golf links and its bracing air.

VITAL STATISTICS

				Total
Live	Births	to-age	Legitimate	79
			Illegitimate	, 5
			Total	84

The Birth Rate is 18.1 per 1,000 of the estimated population (England and Wales 15.0). 5.9% of Live Births were illegitimate.

Birth Rates - 1945 - 1955:-

	per	1,000	population
1945 - 18,23	5.8	18	- 11
1946 - 20.88	8.8	11	13
1947 - 22.17	11	19	99
1948 - 17.9	8.8	11	11
1949 - 16.3	17	9.2	19
1950 - 9.9	99	58	¥ 1
1951 - 10.6	71	27	11
1952 - 12.6	11	11	18
1953 - 16.5	11	11	19
1954 - 13,7	3.3	8.8	11
1955 - 18.1	11	43	? *

Maternal Mortality:-

From Sepsis Nil. From other causes Nil.

Deaths of Infants under 1 Year: One was reported in an illegitimate child.

The rate for England and Wales was 24.9 per 1,000 related live births.

The rate for Sheringham was 16 per 1,000 related live births.

DEATHS.

The causes of Death were as follows:-	
	Total
Tuberculosis of the Respiratory System	_
Other Tuberculosis	-
Syphilitic Diseases	
Diphtheria	-
Meningococcal Infections	
Acute Poliomylitis Measles	
Other infective and parasitic	
diseases	
Whooping Cough	ī
Cancer of Stomach Lung and Bronchial	Т.
passages	1
Breast	****
Uterus	~
Other malignant and lymphatic growths	É
Leukaemia and Aleukaemia	6
Diabetes	
Vascular lesions of the Nervous	
System Coronary Disease and Angina	6 11
Hypertension with Heart Disease	
Other Heart Disease	22
Other Circulatory Diseases	22 1 1 2
Influenza Pneumonia	1
Bronchitis	2
Other diseases of the Respiratory	
System	
Ulcer of the Stomach and Duodenum	1
Gastritis and Enteritis, and Diarrhoea	٦
Nephritis and Nephrosis	1 2 -
Hyperplasia of the Prostate	-
Pregnancy, Childbirth and Abortion	
Congenital Malformations Other diseases, and ill-defined	-
diseases diseases	2
Motor Vehicle Accidents	-
All Other Accidents	2
Suicide Homicide and Operations of War	_
	<u>-</u>
Total	60

The Death Rate is 12.9 per 1,000 of the estimated population. Of individual causes of death, Heart Disease accounted for 55%; Cancer for 13%; Vascular Diseases of the Nervous System for 10%, and Respiratory Diseases for 5%.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

Public Health Officers to the Local Authority

Medical Officer of Health:-

J. H. F. NORBURY, M.B., B.S. (London), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor:-

Mr. R. H. SERSHALL,

Cert.R.S.I. Meat and Food Inspector.

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GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA (CONTINUED).

As a result of the National Health Service Act, which came into operation in 1948, Health Services are provided almost entirely by official bodies. There is a limited amount of private practice.

The official bodies are four in number:-

(1) The Norfolk Executive Council.

This provides the General Practitioner, Dental, Pharmaceutical, and Opthalmic Services.

(2) The Regional Hospital Board.

The Country as a whole has been divided into Regions, and the Regions into areas, for administrative purposes. The Erpingham Rural District lies in the East Anglian Region, and the Gromer area. Cromer and District Hospital is the General Hospital for the area, and provides specialist out-patient clinics for patients from anywhere within the area. Sanatoria at Kelling, near Holt, are also administered by the Regional Hospital Board, as are the Fletcher Convalescent Hone at Croner, and the Longacre Maternity Hone at West Runton. At present Infectious Diseases are treated at East Dereham Isolation Hospital and Norwich Isolation Hospital, distances of some 25 miles from the district.

(3) The County Council.

The County Council provides, through its various departments:-

- All schools in the Area are visited at least once during the Year. At these visits a systematic examination of entrants, 5, 8 and 10 Year olds, and leavers, is carried out; arrangements are made for the treatment of defects found. All children previously found to have defects are also examined and any not otherwise due to be examined who appear to require it. Special examinations are made of handicapped children, where necessary in their hones.

 Minor Ailment Clinics are held fortnightly at Cromer and Sheringhan, to serve these towns and the surrounding districts.

 Children not included in a school for any reason are also examined at home.

 Examination is also made of children when transport to school is believed necessary on medical grounds.
- (b) The Maternity and Child Welfare Service.
 An Infant and Welfare Centre is held nonthly at Holt and fortnightly at Croner and Sheringhan. Village Centres are held nonthly at Banninghan, Corpusty, Edgefield, Greshan, Matlaske, Northrepps, Roughton, Southrepps, Trininghan and Weybourne.
 Innunisation is carried out at all centres. Voluntary centres are held at Aldborough and Mundesley.

(c) Health Visiting.

All children under 5 are visited regularly in their hones by the Health Visitor. She also attends the Welfare Centre. Children over 5 cone under the supervision of the School Nurse; in Sheringhan these duties are combined and are performed by the same person.

(d) Midwifery.

This is performed by the District Nurse-Midwives and the general practitioner-obstetricians. In this district the Longacre Maternity Hone is available for confinements where domiciliary confinement is considered undesirable.

(e) Hone Nursing.

This is carried out by the District Nurse-Midwives under the Norfolk County Nursing Association, who act as agents for the County Council.

(f) Vaccination and Innunisation.

This is carried out by general practitioners acting for the County Council, and by the Assistant County Medical Officer. In the case of children, facilities are provided at the Infant Welfare Centres and, in the case of immunisation, at the schools as well.

(g) Ambulance Services.

These are carried out by the Local Ambulance Committee, acting as agents for the County Council.

- (h) General Measures for the Prevention of Illness.

 Care, and After-Care, including the provision of Nursing Equipment.
- (i) Home Helps.
- (j) Mental Health Services.
- (k) General Welfare Services, under the Supervision of the Welfare Officer.

The Welfare Officer visits Sheringhan on Tuesday afternoons at 2 p.m., and is available for interview at that time.

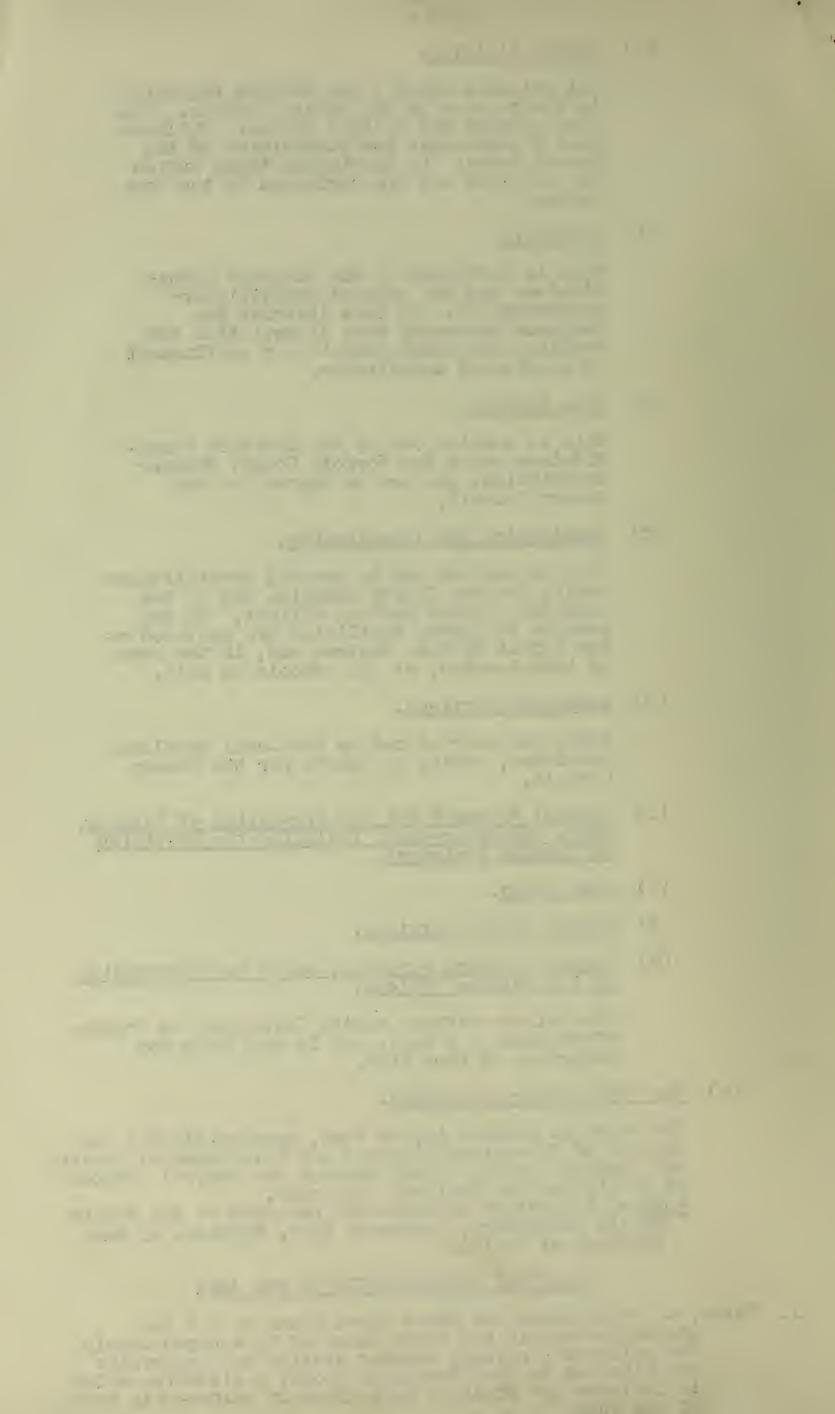
(4) The Urban District Council.

The District Council is, as ever, responsible for the control of Infectious Diseases and Environmental Health and Hygiene, acting mainly through the Medical Officer of Health and the Sanitary Inspector.

Note:- Laboratory Services are provided at the Public Health Laboratory, Bowthorpe Road, Norwich, by the Ministry of Health.

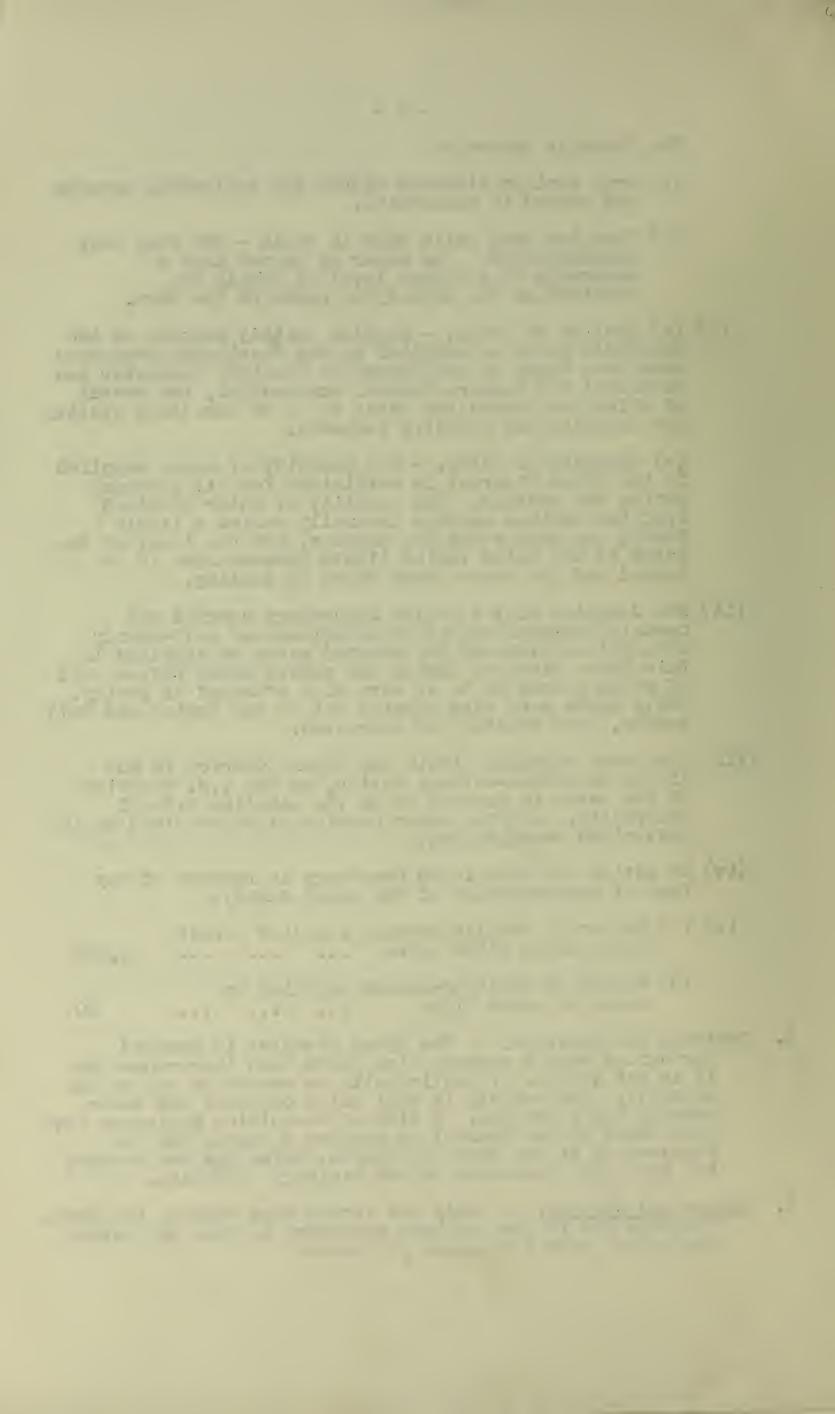
SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

1. Water. - The Eastern Gas Board serve water to all the properties within the Urban District by a piped supply. The collecting ground, punping station and reservoirs are situated in the Sheringhan Woods, a situation which is isolated and enclosed approximately half-a-mile South of the Town.



The Water is derived:-

- (a) From springs situated within the collecting grounds and stored in reservoirs.
- (b) From two deep wells sunk in chalk 400 feet deep approximately. The water is pumped into a reservoir at a higher level to supply by gravitation the high-lying parts of the Town.
- (i) (a) Quality of Water. Regular monthly samples of the Company's water as supplied to the Sheringham consumers have been taken by the Council's Samitary Inspector and submitted for bacteriological examination, the result of which has proved the water to be of excellent quality for drinking and domestic purposes.
 - (b) Quantity of Water. The quantity of water supplied in the Urban District is sufficient for all purposes during dry weather. The quantity of water obtained from the various springs naturally varies a little during the Summer and dry weather, but the level of the water in the wells varies little however much it is pumped and has never shown signs of failing.
- (ii) The Counties Public Health Laboratory carried out nonthly bacteriological examinations and half-yearly chemical analysis of the treated water as supplied in this Urban District during the period under review, all of which proved to be of very high standard of purity. Daily tests were also carried out on the Spring and Well waters, both treated and untreated.
- (iii) The water supplied within the Urban District is not liable to plumbo-solvent action, as the p.H. Reaction of the water is neutral or on the alkaline side of neutrality. All the water service pipes are laid on in galvanised wrought iron.
 - (1v) No action has been found necessary in respect of any form of contamination of the water supply.
 - (v) (a) Number of dwelling-houses supplied direct from public water mains ... 1,623.
 - (b) Number of dwelling-houses supplied by means of stand pipes 60.
- 2. Drainage and Sewerage. The Urban District is sewered throughout with a system which needs much improvement as it is not capable of dealing with an excessive and sudden rainfall. The outfall is well below ordinary low water mark in the North Sea. A firm of Consulting Engineers have been asked by the Council to prepare a scheme for the improvement of the sewerage system, which has now reached the stage of submission to the Ministry of Health.
- 3. Rivers and Streams. Only one stream runs through the Urban District and it has not been necessary to take any action during the period to check pollution.



- 4. (a) Closet Accommodation. All houses in the Urban District are fitted with water closets of a modern type. The sewerage system is flushed twice a week in the Summer months, and once a week in the Winter months. The dead-ends of the sewers are flushed by fixed flushing tanks.
 - (b) Public Cleansing. Dust-bins are emptied once weekly by the Council's two notor refuse collection vehicles. Twice weekly refuse collection is made during the Summer months from boarding houses and hotels. House refuse is disposed of by the method of controlled tipping on a site on the outskirts of the District.
 - (c) Schools. The Schools are of a modern type, the water supply and sanitary conditions being quite satisfactory. In cases of notifiable infectious diseases, the schools are at once visited by the Medical Officer of Health, the scholars inspected, and endeavour made to exclude infective children.
 - (d) Premises and Occupations Controlled by Byelaws. There is no Common Lodging House or Offensive Trade in the Urban District.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA

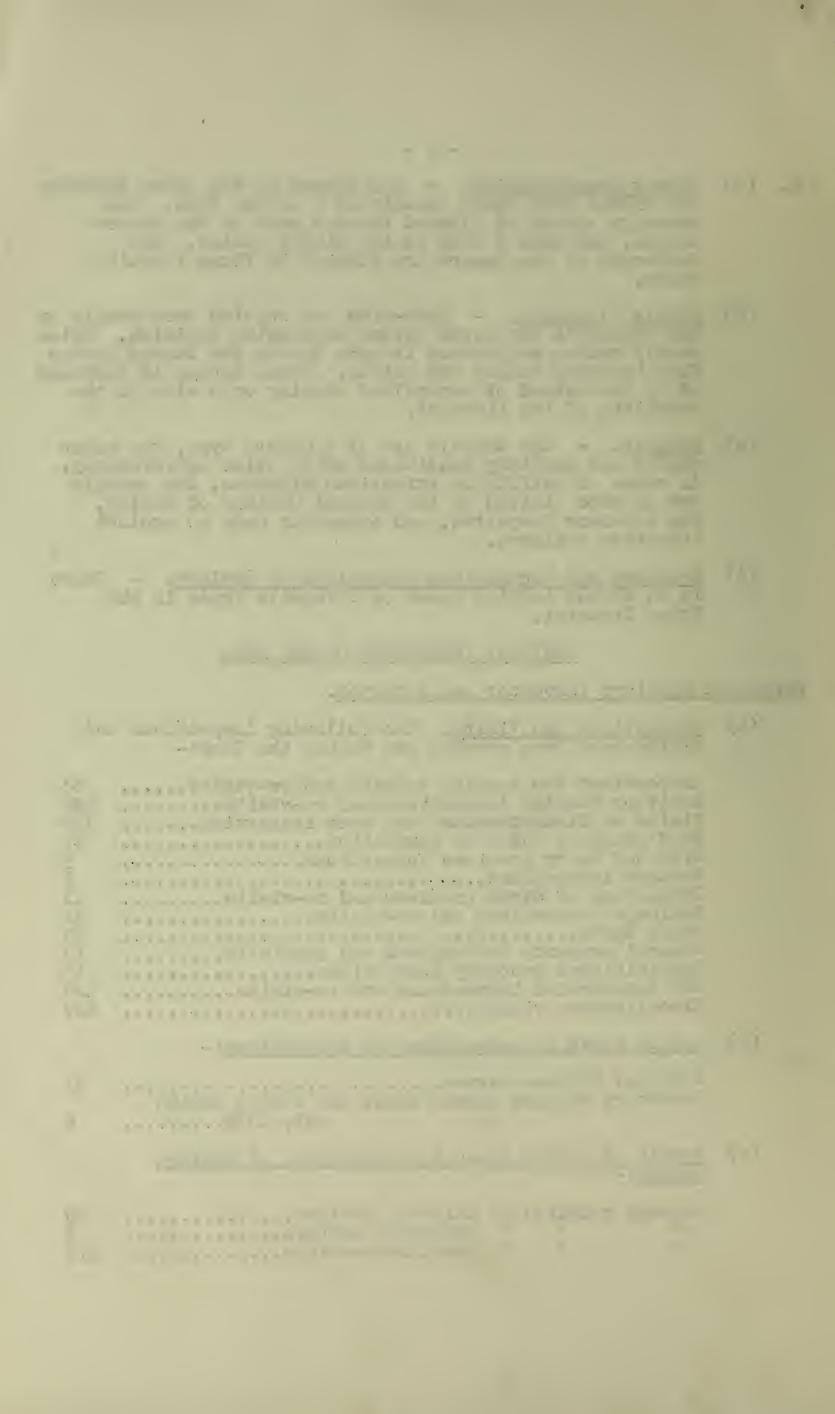
Report of Sanitary Inspector and Surveyor.

(a) Inspections and Visits. The following inspections and visits have been carried out during the Year:-

(b)	Inspections for housing defects and re-visits Sanitary routine inspections and re-visits Visits to Slaughterhouse and meat inspection Food premises and food inspection Milk and Dairy premises inspections Factory inspections Inspection of dirty premises and re-visits Drainage inspections and re-visits Drain tests Council property inspections and re-visits Requisitioned property inspections Rat destruction inspections and re-visits Miscellaneous visits Action taken in consequence of inspections:-	43 126 159 41 57 11 329 17 128 127
	Informal Notices served	31 6

(c) Result of action taken in consequence of Notices served:-

Defects	renedied	by	Informal Notices	29
11	89	11	Statutory Notices	6
89 .	11		Legal Proceedings	Nil



(d)	Sunnary of work carried out as a result of fornal and informal action:-
	Defective drains renewed
	Trapped gullies provided
	Trapped gullies provided. Water closet pedestals renewed. " " seats renewed. Sinks renewed. Sink Waste pipes renewed and trapped. Washing Copper repaired. Water service pipes repaired. Chinney stacks repaired or rebuilt. Eaves gutters repaired or renewed. Rain watervdownpipes repaired or renewed. Rain watervdownpipes repaired or renewed. Windows repaired. Doors repaired. 19 Doors repaired or renewed. 23 Ceiling plaster repaired. Staireases repaired. 24 Staireases repaired.
	Firegrates repaired or renewed
	Water closets rebuilt
	Dustbins provided 7
(e)	Number of inspections and visits in connection with the duties of Surveyor:-
(e)	Number of inspections and visits in
(e)	Number of inspections and visits in connection with the duties of Surveyor:- Number of Building Plans submitted for approval 40 " " approved
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(e)	Number of inspections and visits in connection with the duties of Surveyor:- Number of Building Plans submitted for approval 40 "" " approved 38 "" " disapproved or withdrawm. 2 Visits in connection with inspections of foundations 18 "" " inspection of damp course 18 "" " building inspection 112 Number of drain tests carried out in new buildings 27 Number of new houses erected during the Year:- By the Local Authority Nil By other persons 10 Conversion of premises into family units 5 The under-mentioned salvaged materials have been collected during the period under review giving an income of £170. 2. 0., namely:- Paper 19 Tons 3 Cwts.

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- (h) Smoke Abatement. No action under this heading has been found necessary.
- (i) Swimming Baths and Pools. There are no privately owned or other swimming baths open to the public in the Urban District.
- (j) Eradication of Bed Bugs. No action under this heading has been found necessary.

Inspection and Supervision of Food

- (a) Milk Supply. There are no milk producers or cowkeepers within the Urban District.

 - Water. Samples of water as supplied by the Eastern Gas Board to the consumers within this Urban District have been taken and all samples proved to be highly satisfactory.
 - Milk. Fifty-three samples of Pasteurised milk have been taken by the Norfolk County Medical Officer's Department from the Sheringham premises of East Coast Dairies Ltd., and all but two satisfied the prescribed tests.
- (b) Adulteration, Chemical and Bacteriological Examination of Food. The appropriate Authority under this heading is the Norfolk County Council.
- (c) Nutrition. No special work in the dissemination of knowledge on this subject has been considered necessary.
- (d) Shellfish. No shellfish beds exist within the area of the Urban District.
- (e) Inspection of Meat and other Foods.

There are eight butchers' shops within the Urban District.

After the work of improvement to the buildings and drainage had been completed, a Slaughterhouse Licence was granted by the Council on the 7th. July, 1954, to Mr. G. Youngs, Butcher, of Church Street, Sheringham, to use the Hasting's Lane Slaughterhouse, Sheringham, for the slaughtering of food animals for local consumption.

A statement follows of the number of animals slaughtered, inspected, and condemned in whole or part.

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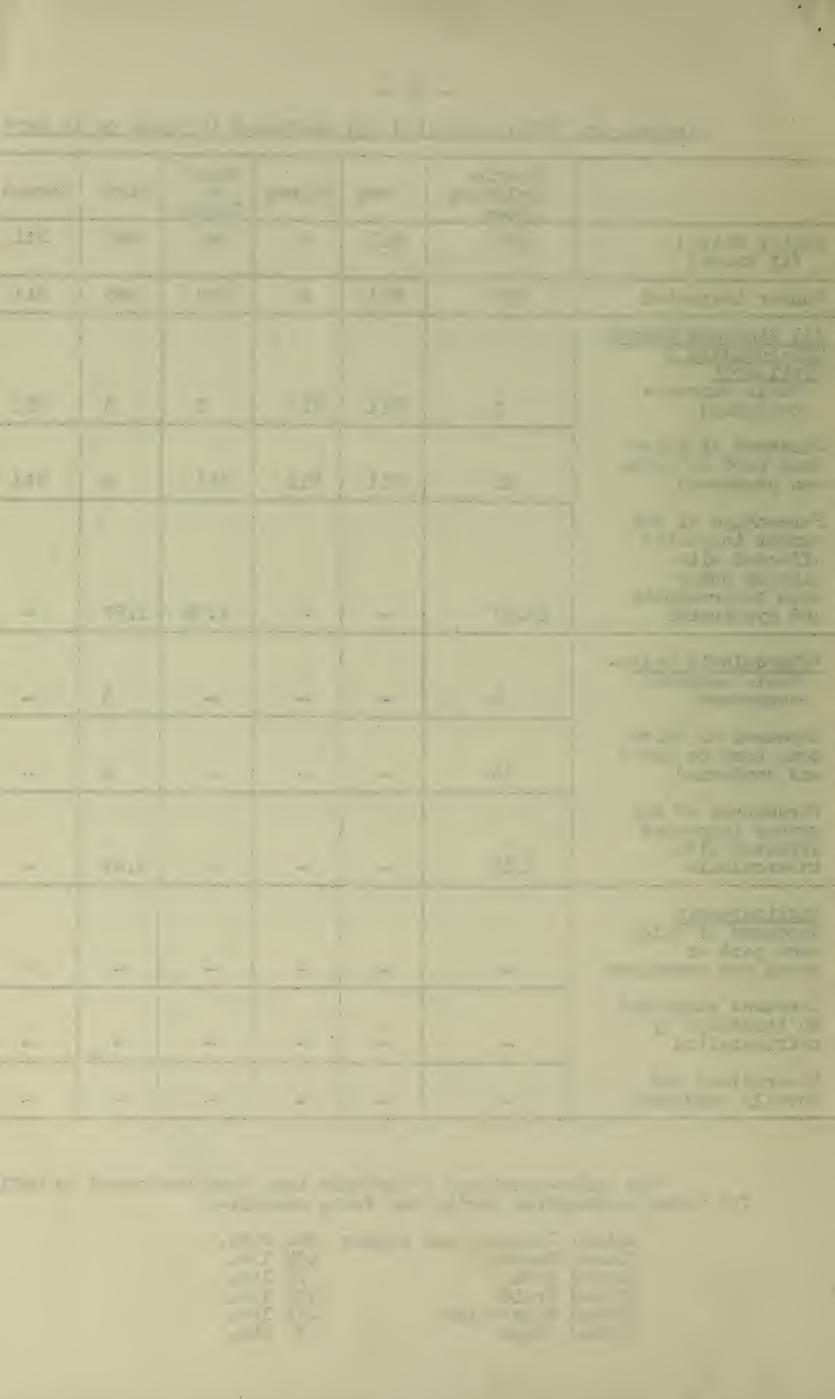
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Carcases and Offal inspected and condemned in whole or in part.

	Cattle Excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep & Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed (if known)	359	Nil	8	147	445	Nil
Number inspected	359	Nil	8	147	445	Nil
All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci Whole carcases	_	ורפות	Nil	2	3	Ni 1
condemned	1	Nil	1/1 1	2	7	7/17
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	62	Nil	Nil	Nil	4	Ni1
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis and cysticerci	17.27		-	1.36	1.57	-
Tuberculosis only:- Whole carcases condemned	3		, -	-	3	-
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	18	-	-		8	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	5.85	-		_	2.47	-
Cysticercosis Carcases of which some part or organ was condenned	-	_	-	_	_	
Carcases submitted to treatment by refrigeration	_	_	-	-	_	-
Generalised and totally condenned	-	-	-	-	-	_

The under-mentioned foodstuffs have been condenned as unfit for human consumption during the Year, namely:-

Animal Carcases and Organs 36% Cwts. Tinned Meats 43% 1bs. Tinned Fish 2% 1bs. Tinned Fruit 19% 1bs. Tinned Vegetables 21% 1bs. Tinned Soups 3 1bs.



INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The following table gives the notifications of Infectious Diseases, arranged in age groups:-

<u>Disease</u>	Under 1	1-2	3-4	5- 9	10-14	15-24	25 or Over	Total
Measles				2	2			4
Acute Polionyelitis							1	1
Total				2	2		1	5

The usual comparatively small total was again reported. Excepting when Meales occurs in epedemic form, which occurs approximately every two years, Sheringham remains remarkably free from Infectious Diseases. It is remarkable how little spread occurs from town to town in North Norfolk, and it is not uncommon for an epedemic of Meales to start and finish in one town without any trace of spread to another. 1954 was a major year for Meales, and 1955, as expected, has produced only four cases.

The single case of Acute Polionyelitis was in an adult. There is a distinct possibility that the source of infection originated in another part of the Country, and this is rendered more likely by the absence of other cases of the disease in Sheringhan and its neighbourhood. No spread occurred from this case. The patient was not very severely affected.

TUBERCULOSIS.

One new case of Tuberculosis was notified during the Year, and it was a Pulmonary case. This gives a case-rate of 0.22 per thousand of the population.

No case of Non-pulmonary Tuberculosis was reported.

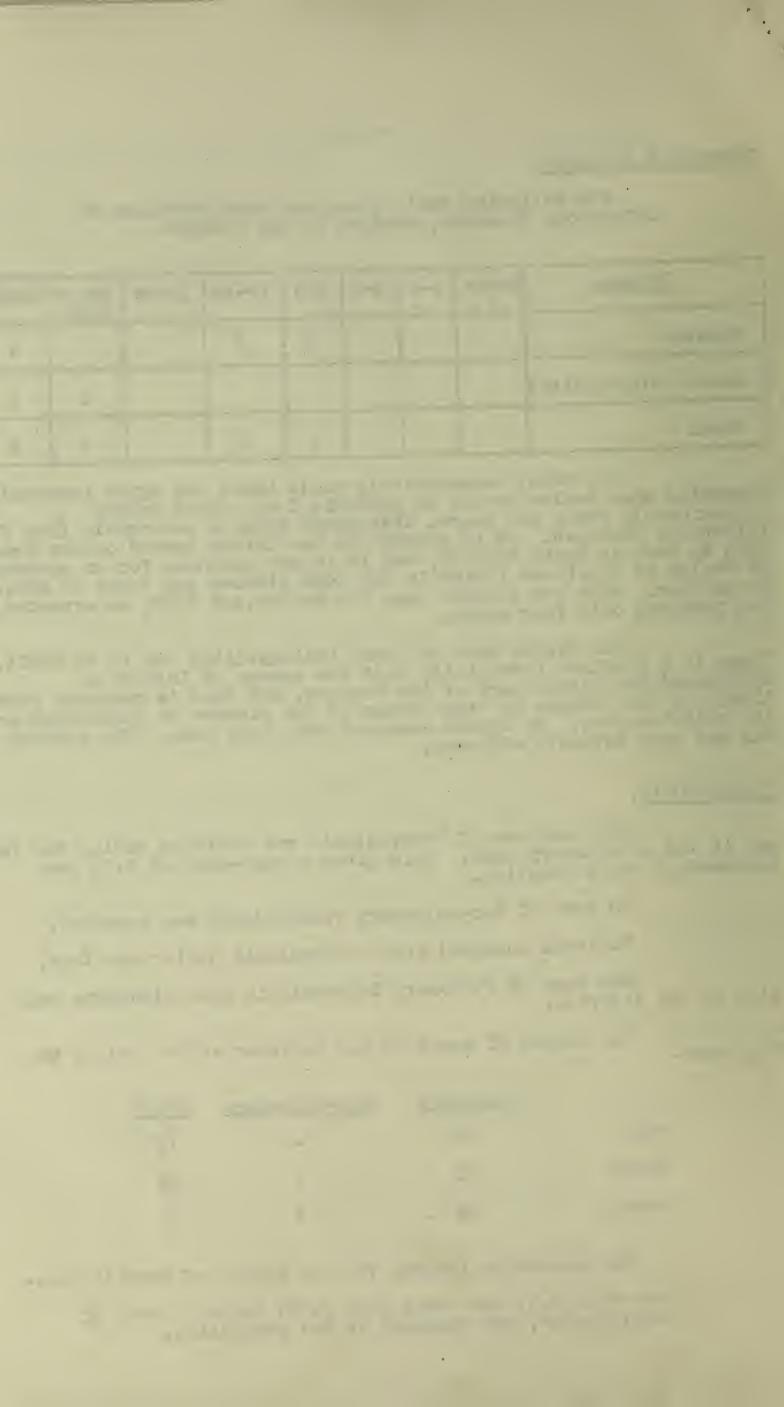
No death occurred from Tuberculosis during the Year.

One case of Pulmonary Tuberculosis from elsewhere came to live in the district.

The number of cases on the Register at the end of the Year was:-

	Pulnonary	Non-pulmonary	Total
Male	14	~	14
Fenale	20	3	23
Total	34	3	37

The comparable figures for the County of Norfolk are:Case-Rate 0.5, and Death Rate 0.08, for all forms of Tuberculosis, per thousand of the population.



National Assistance Act, 1948. Section 47.

As usual a considerable number of cases were brought to my notice of sick and elderly persons requiring more care and attention than could be provided for them at home. It has rarely been necessary to make use of this Act and Section which empowers this Council to authorise compulsory removal to hospital and it has usually been possible, acting in conjunction with the County Council Welfare Officer, to avoid legal proceedings. The time and labour expended in this connection appears to be well worth while.

Anthrax.

The occurrence of anthrax in animals in the district is reported to the Medical Officer of Health. No cases were confirmed during 1955.

Vaccinations.

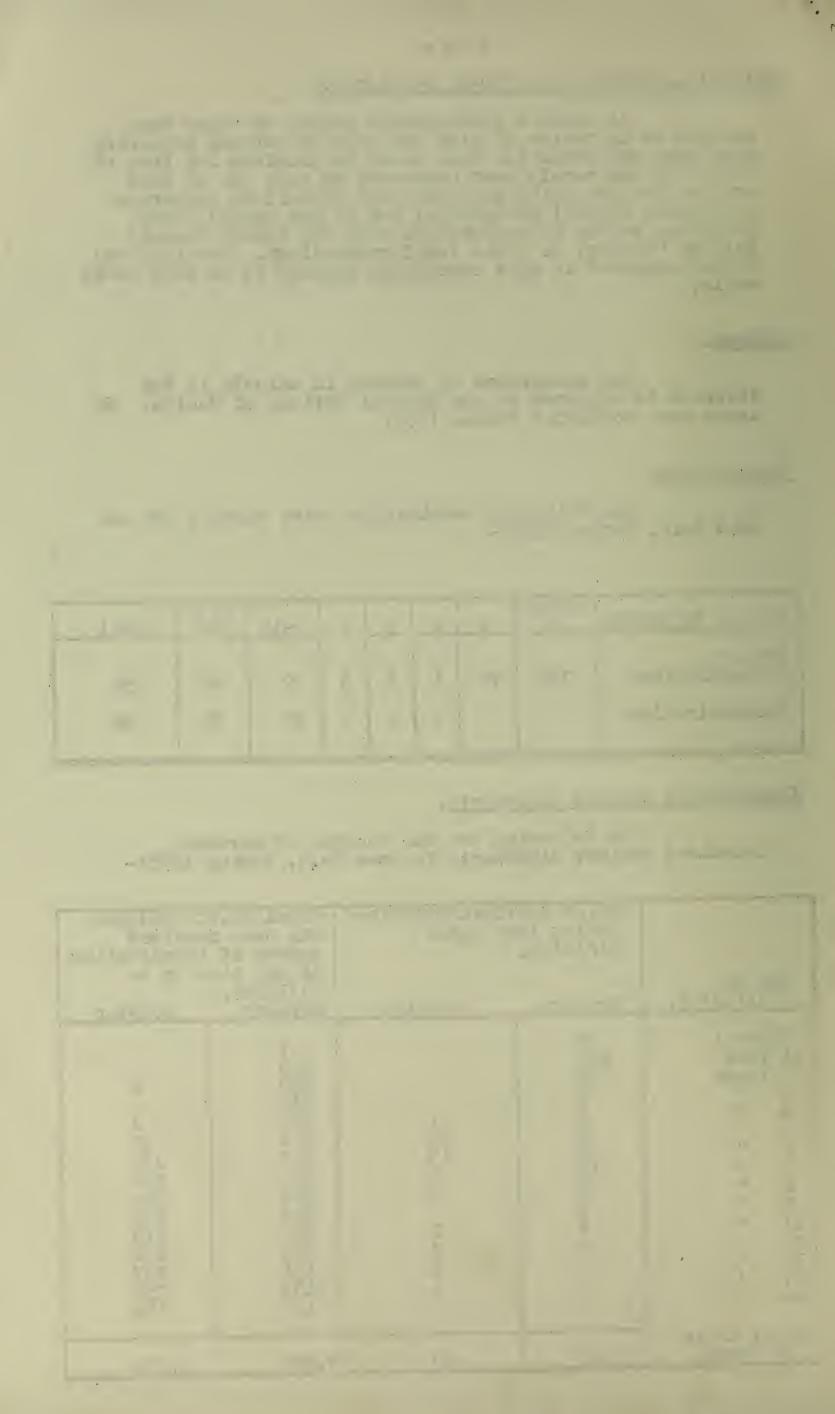
The following vaccinations were carried out in Area No.2, during 1955:-

Age at 31/12/55:	Under 1	1	2	3	24	5-14	15 & over	Total
Prinary Vaccinations Re-vaccinations	130	74	1	3 2	3	7	18 70	236 86

Innunisation against Diphtheria.

The following are the records of persons innunised against diphtheria in Area No.2, during 1955:-

Age at 31/12/55.	No. of chiduring Yes 31/12/55. Primary	ldren immunised ar ended Booster	Total No. of children who have received course of innunisation at any time up to 31/12/55. Primary Booster			
Under 1 1 Year 2 Years 3 " 4 " 56 " 7 " 8 " 9 " 10 " 11 " 12 " 13 " 14 "	730346548342 1 118342 1	1 24 13 8 9 1 2	7 206 320 318 237 240 325 305 372 282 210 173 131 153 114	2 1 38 130 168 283 272 219 244 237 250 191		
Total under 15 Years	290	60	3,393	2,035		



REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

Inspections for the purpose of provisions as to health, including inspections nade by the Sanitary Inspector:-

<u>Preni ses</u>	<u>Inspections</u>	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories with nechanical power Factories without nechanical power Other prenises under the Act	5 2 -	<u>1</u> -	Nil Nil Nil
Total	7	1	

Defects found

	Found	Number Renedied	of Defects Referred to H.M. Inspector	Number of defects in respect of which pros- ecutions were instituted
Want of Cleanliness	•			-
Inadequate ventilation	-	-	7	-
Insufficient Sanitary Unsuitable Conveni-Defective	- 1 -	-	-	-
ences Not separate sexes Other Offences	-	-		<u>-</u>
Total	ŀ	-	-	-

In conclusion, I wish to thank your Sanitary Inspector, Mr. R. H. Sershall, for his valuable assistance in the preparation of this Report.

I an, Mr. Chairman, Miss Huntley and Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant,

J. H. F. NORBURY,
M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health.

